



United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/622,850	07/18/2003	Willard Charles Raymond	A126.116.102	4768	
25281	7590 06/20/2006		EXAMINER		
	LLIG & CZAJA, P.L.L	KEENAN, JAMES W			
FIFTH STREET TOWERS 100 SOUTH FIFTH STREET, SUITE 2250			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55402			3652	
			DATE MAILED: 06/20/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/622,850	RAYMOND, WILLARD CHARLES				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	James Keenan	3652				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from to cause the application to become ABANDONED	l. lely filed the mailing date of this communication.				
Status						
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>07 Ju</u> This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This Since this application is in condition for allowant closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro					
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-4 and 6-20 is/are pending in the app 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-4 and 6-20 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner	epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4)					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date		atent Application (PTO-152)				

Application/Control Number: 10/622,850 Page 2

Art Unit: 3652

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 6/7/06 has been entered.

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-4, 6-10, and 14-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fuke et al in view of Nakamura (both previously of record) and De Anda (US 4,754,867).

Fuke et al show a wafer ring feeding apparatus (a wafer ring being considered structurally equivalent to a "film frame", in that it comprises a wafer sheet or film 2 surrounded by a ring or frame 1), comprising cassette 10 loaded on an elevator 13 (considered to be a "load port", absent any further limitations), robot end effector 58 for grabbing a selected film frame from the cassette or returning a film frame to the cassette, and a vertically adjustable frame support 80 including opposing support arms

Art Unit: 3652

85A, 85B each containing plural horizontally adjustable contact elements 86a-A, 86b-B which help guide the film frames in or out of the cassette.

Fuke et al does not show moving the frame support linearly vertically relative to the cassette in the manner set forth. Rather, the cassette moves on an elevator relative to the frame support.

Nakamura shows a similar system for conveying flat circular articles in and out of cassettes, wherein one embodiment (figures 1-3) shows the cassette 8 mounted on a vertically movable support 7 relative to a vertically stationary robot end effector 2, but in figures 4-5, shows another embodiment in which the cassette is stationary while the robot is vertically movable.

It would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have modified Fuke et al such that the frame support (and robot end effector) was vertically movable relative to a stationary cassette, rather than vice-versa, as Nakamura explicitly discloses this as an alternative equivalent means of performing the same function in the same environment, the use of either of which would work equally well in performing the claimed method.

Fuke et al also does not show the contact elements to be spaced from one another.

De Anda shows an apparatus for feeding flat articles from a stack, including opposing support arms 58 each having plural spaced apart contact elements comprising rollers 130, 132.

It would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have also modified Fuke et al by utilizing spaced apart contact elements, such as the rollers of De Anda, as this would reduce friction on the articles as they are moved in or out of the cassette. Note that De Anda, like Fuke et al, shows the support arms to be horizontally movable relative to the articles for aligning purposes.

Page 4

Re claim 2, Fuke as modified does not show the frame support to be Y-shaped. Nevertheless, it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have modified the apparatus and method of Fuke et al to include this feature, as this would be a simple design expediency which would neither require undue experimentation nor produce unexpected results, and since applicant has not disclosed the feature as solving any particular problem, it appears the invention would work equally well either way.

Re claims 3-4 and 6-7, Fuke et al show that the frame support includes base arm 81 and actuators 87, 88 (also note col. 8, lines 6-15) for horizontally moving the contact elements relative to the base arm.

Re claim 8, the contact elements of De Anda are rollers and would obviously be included when used to modify Fuke et al, as noted above.

Re claim 9, Fuke as modified does not show the rollers to be spring-loaded. Nevertheless, it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have further modified the apparatus and method of Fuke et al to include this feature, as this would simply be a design expediency which would neither

Art Unit: 3652

require undue experimentation nor produce unexpected results, since applicant has not disclosed that it solves any particular problem.

Re claim 18, the contact elements of Fuke et al are considered to be "vertically compliant", as broadly claimed, by virtue of their connection to air cylinder 92.

4. Claims 11-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fuke et la in view of Nakamura and De Anda, as applied to claim 10 above, and further in view of Aoki et al (previously of record).

Although Fuke as modified shows the ability to horizontally position the contact elements, this is not done based on the determined diameters of different sized film frames.

Aoki shows that it is well known to horizontally adjust guide rails in response to the determined width of different sizes of lead frames.

It would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have further modified the method of Fuke such that the size (diameter) of film frames in the cassette could be determined and the distance between the contact elements adjusted correspondingly thereto, as taught by Aoki, as this would enable the method to be easily performed on film frames of differing sizes and thus provide increased usefulness and flexibility of the system.

5. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-4 and 6-20 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Application/Control Number: 10/622,850 Page 6

Art Unit: 3652

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to James Keenan whose telephone number is 571-272-6925. The examiner can normally be reached on (schedule varies).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eillen Lillis can be reached on 571-272-6928. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

lames Keenan Primary Examiner Art Unit 3652

jwk 6/15/06